

E. Coli (non-enterohemorrhagic)

(to be carried at all times and presented to medical personnel in the event of exposure)

FRONT

E. Coli (non-enterohemorrhagic)

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR EMERGECY PERSONNEL

The individual carrying this card works in a laboratory with non-enterohemorrhagic E. coli, and may have come into contact with the bacteria via accidental ingestion or percutaneous exposure.

Note: This card is intended to be informational and should not substitute for clinical presentation and provider judgment of individual clinical cases.

BACK

MEDICAL ALERT INFORMATION

The person carrying this card has an occupational exposure to non-enterohemorrhagic E. coli (enteroinvasive, enteropathogenic, or enterotoxicogenic). Immediately call Occupational Health at 301.405.3315

COMMON SYMPTOMS

- Incubation period
- Enteroinvasive 2-48 hours (average 18 hours)
 Enteropathogenic 6-48 hours
- Enteropatnogenic 6-48 nours - Enterotoxigenic 14-30 hours - Enteroinvasive: dysentery, watery diarrhea
- Enteroinvasive: dysentery, watery diarrhe (might be bloody), fever, cramps.
 Enteropathogenic: acute, profuse, watery
- Enteropatnogenic: acute, profuse, watery diarrhea, low-grade fever with nausea and vomiting
- Enterotoxigenic: abrupt onset of watery diarrhea, low-grade fever with nausea and

POST-EXPOSURE TREATMENT

- Thoroughly wash any skin wounds with soap and water and/or flush eyes or other affected mucous membranes with water
- TMP-Sulfa and Bismuth subsalicylate may be considered to help reduce risk of developing symptomatic disease
 If symptomatic, oral or IV hydration as